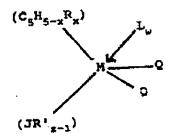
- 2 -

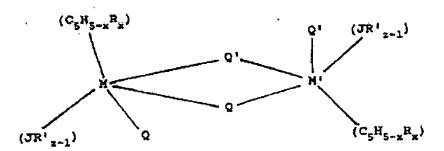
IN THE CLAIMS

1.-33. (Canceled)

- 34. (Previously presented) A process for the polymerization of one or more alpha olefins comprising conducting the polymerization in the presence of a catalyst system comprising:
- (A) a Group IV B transition metal component of the formula:



OI



wherein "M" is Zr, Hf or Ti;

 $(C_5H_{5-x}R_x)$ is a cyclopentadienyl ring which is substituted with from zero to five substituent groups R, "x" is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 denoting the degree of substitution, and each R is,

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PAGE 5/9 * RCVD AT 12/12/2006 2:44:34 PM [Eastern Standard Time] * SVR:USPTO-EFXRF-3/4 * DNIS:2732885 * CSID:281 834 1231 * DURATION (mm-ss):02-38

independently, a radical selected from a group consisting of C_1 - C_{20} hydrocarbyl radicals, C_1 - C_{20} substituted hydrocarbyl radicals wherein one or more hydrogen atoms is replaced by a halogen atom, C_1 - C_{20} hydrocarbyl-substituted metalloid radicals wherein the metalloid is selected from Group IV-A of the Periodic Table of Elements, and halogen radicals or $(C_5H_{5-x}R_x)$ is a cyclopentadienyl ring in which two adjacent R-groups are joined forming a C_4 - C_{20} ring to give a saturated or unsaturated polycyclic cyclopentadienyl ligand;

(JR'z-1) is a heteroatom ligand in which "J" is an element with coordination number of three from Group V-A or an element with a coordination number of two from VI-A of the Periodic Table of Elements, each "R" is, independently a radical selected from a group consisting of C₁-C₂₀ hydrocarbyl radicals, substituted C₁-C₂₀ hydrocarbyl radicals wherein one or more hydrogen atoms is replaced by a halogen atom, and "z" is the coordination number of the element "J";

each "Q" is, independently, any univalent anionic ligand or two "Q"'s are a divalent anionic chelating ligand, provided that "Q" is different from $(C_5H_{5^-x}R_x)$;

"L" is a neutral Lewis base where "w" is a number greater than 0 and up to 3;

"M' " has the same meaning as "M"; and

"Q' " has the same meaning as "Q"; and

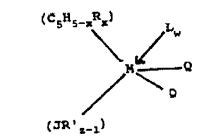
(B) an alumoxane.

- 35. (Canceled)
- ,36. (Canceled)
- 37. (Previously presented) The process of claim 34 wherein the heteroatom ligand group J element is nitrogen, phosphorous, oxygen or sulfur.
- 38. (Previously presented) The process of claim 34 wherein Q is a halogen or hydrocarbyl radical.

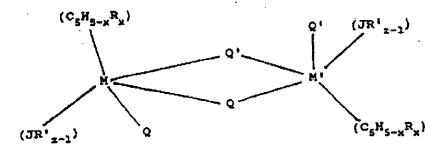
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- 39. (Canceled)
- 40. (Previously presented) The process of claim 34 wherein the heteroatom ligand group J element is nitrogen.
- 41. (Previously presented) The process of claim 34 wherein the mole ratio of Al:M is from 10:1 to 20,000:1.
- 42. (Previously presented) The process of claim 34 wherein x is 0 or 1.
- 43. (Previously presented) A process for the polymerization of one or more olefins comprising conducting the polymerization in the presence of a catalyst system comprising:
- (A) a Group IV B transition metal component of the formula:



or



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wherein "M" is Zr, or Hf;

(C₅H_{5-x}R_x) is a cyclopentadienyl ring which is substituted with from zero to five substituent groups R, "x" is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 denoting the degree of substitution, and each R is, independently, a radical selected from a group consisting of C₁-C₂₀ hydrocarbyl radicals, C₁-C₂₀ substituted hydrocarbyl radicals wherein one or more hydrogen atoms is replaced by a halogen atom, C₁-C₂₀ hydrocarbyl-substituted metalloid radicals wherein the metalloid is selected from Group IV-A of the Periodic Table of Elements, and halogen radicals or (C₅H_{5-x}R_x) is a cyclopentadienyl ring in which two adjacent R-groups are joined forming a C₄-C₂₀ ring to give a saturated or unsaturated polycyclic cyclopentadienyl ligand;

(JR'_{z-1}) is a heteroatom ligand in which "J" is an element with coordination number of three from Group V-A or an element with a coordination number of two from VI-A of the Periodic Table of Elements, each "R" is, independently a radical selected from a group consisting of C₁-C₂₀ hydrocarbyl radicals, substituted C₁-C₂₀ hydrocarbyl radicals wherein one or more hydrogen atoms is replaced by a halogen atom, and "z" is the coordination number of the element "J";

each "Q" is, independently, any univalent anionic ligand or two "Q"'s are a divalent anionic chelating ligand, provided that "Q" is different from $(C_5H_{5^-x}R_x)$;

"L" is a neutral Lewis base where "w" is a number greater than 0 and up to 3;

"M" " has the same meaning as "M"; and

"O' " has the same meaning as "O"; and

(B) an alumoxane.

44. (cancelled)